

Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan For

Forest Ridge Drive (Parcel ID # 7-10-5-1 & 7-10-5-8, 7-10-8 and 7-14) *Rowley, MA*

> Prepared By: Hancock Associates #26696

Prepared For: Gateway II Trust of 1997

July 2023

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Construction General Permit Requirements

In 1972, Congress passed the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (FWPCA), also known as the Clean Water Act (CWA), to restore and maintain the quality of the nation's waterways. The ultimate goal was to make sure that rivers and streams were fishable, swimmable, and drinkable. In 1987, the Water Quality Act (WQA) added provisions to the CWA that allowed the EPA to govern storm water discharges from construction sites. In 2022, EPA published the final notice for the General Permit for Storm Water Discharges from Construction Activities disturbing one (1) acre or greater. The general permit includes provisions for development of a Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) to maximize the potential benefits of pollution prevention and sediment and erosion control measures at construction sites.

General Permit for Storm Water Discharges from Construction Activities Link: <u>https://www.epa.gov/system/files/documents/2022-01/2022-cgp-final-permit.pdf</u>

This project will disturb over one acre of ground cover and/or meets other thresholds related to permit criteria for USEPA National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) compliance. The site contractor is responsible for development and implementation of a Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP), submission of a Notice of Intent (NOI) to USEPA, inspection and maintenance of sediment control measures, documentation of maintenance activities, and submission of a Notice of Termination (NOT) to USEPA. The Site Contractor is also responsible to comply with all other federal, state, and local stormwater or NPDES requirements includes the local Order of Conditions issued by the Lynn Conservation Commission included in the SWPPP appendices.

• The owner, in conjunction with the contractor (Operators), need to obtain a Construction General Permit (CGP) for large construction activity (greater than five acres) from the United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA). As part of the CGP, a Stormwater NOI will need to be submitted to the USEPA at least 14 days prior to commending construction.

SWPPP Content

This SWPPP includes the following:

- Identification of the SWPPP coordinator with a description of this person's duties;
- Identification of the stormwater pollution prevention team that will assist in implementation of the SWPPP during construction.
- Identification of the body of water(s) which will receive runoff from the construction site, including the ultimate body of water that receives the storm water;
- Identification of endangered species habitats;
- Identification of historic properties;
- Identification of drainage areas and potential stormwater contaminants;
- Description of storm water management controls and various Best Management Practices (BMPs) necessary to reduce erosion, sediment and pollutants in storm water discharge;
- Description of the project's monitoring plan and how controls will be coordinated with construction activities; and a
- Description of the implementation schedule and provisions for amendment of the plan.



Contact Information/Responsible Parties

Operator(s): To be determined

<u>Project Manager(s) or Site Supervisor(s):</u> To be determined

<u>SWPPP Contact(s):</u> To be determined

This SWPPP was Prepared by: Charles Wear III, PE Hancock Associates 185 Centre Street Danvers, MA 01923 978-777-3050 cwear@hancockassociates.com

Emergency 24-Hour Contact: To be determined

Stormwater Team:

To be determined will be responsible for overseeing subcontractors working within the SWPPP parameters and making sure they are in compliance with the requirements of the 2022 Construction General Permit.

To be determined will be responsible for overseeing modifications to the SWPPP.



Project/Site Information

<u>Project Name:</u> <u>Project Street/I</u> <u>City:</u> <u>County:</u>	Location:	Forest Ridge I Forest Ridge I Rowley Essex County	Drive (Parcel II Drive (Parcel II <u>State:</u> MA	D # 7-10-5-1 & D # 7-10-5-1 & <u>Zip Code:</u>	7-10-5-8, 7-10-8 & 7-14) 7-10-5-8, 7-10-8 & 7-14) 01969
Latitude:	42.698257	Longitude:	-70.916506	Source: Goog	le Maps
Horizontal Ref	erence Datum:	WGS 84			
Is the project lo	ocated in India	n Country:	No		
Will you use p	olymers, floccu	ulants, or other	treatment cher	nicals at you co	onstruction site: No
Is this project of	considered a fe	deral facility:	No		
NPDES projec	t or permit trac	king number:			
<u>Are you applyi</u> <u>CGP?</u> No	ng for permit c	coverage as a "	federal operato	r" as defined ir	Appendix A of the 2022
Discharge Info	ormation				
<u>Does your proj</u> No	ect/site dischar	rge stormwater	into a Municip	pal Separate Sto	orm Sewer System (MS4)?
Are there any v	waters of the U	.S. located with	nin 50 feet of y	our constructio	<u>n?</u> No
Name of the fin MS4: Bachelo	<u>rst surface wate</u> der Brook	er that receives	stormwater di	rectly from you	r site and/or from the
Is this surface	water listed as	"impaired" (on	the CWA 303	(d) list)?	No
<u>Has a TMDL b</u>	een completed	<u>N/A</u>			
Is this surface	water designate	ed as a Tier 2, 7	<u>Fier 2.5, or Tie</u>	r 3 water?	No



Stormwater Management Summary

Gateway II Trust of 1997 proposes to reduce the length of the existing roadway and construct a new 18,000 S.F. footprint industrial/warehousing building on the subject site on Forest Ridge Drive, Rowley, MA. Associated improvements will include paved vehicular and pedestrian areas, 89 parking spaces, landscaped areas, utility services, and additions to the existing stormwater management system. The project area is currently comprised of undeveloped land but is part of a partially completed industrial park.

The industrial park and drainage system were designed by Meridian Associates, Inc. (hereinafter "Meridian") While the entirety of the industrial park has not been constructed, the Best Management Practice (BMP's) of drainage system have been. The drainage system is comprised of deep sump catch basins and drain manholes connected to sediment forebays and infiltration basins, via a network of pipes. The discharge point for the project currently proposed is an infiltration basin called "Pond 3" in the Stormwater Analysis and Calculations for Forest Ridge (hereinafter "the Stormwater Analysis"), dated January 21, 2000, last revised March 15, 2006, by Meridian. This document was also used as the basis of this design.

The stormwater management system was designed to meet the Stormwater Management Standards described in the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook.

Nature of Construction Activity

The project consists of reducing the length of the existing roadway and constructing a new 18,000 S.F. footprint industrial/warehousing building. Associated site improvements include paved vehicular and pedestrian areas, 89 parking spaces, landscaped areas, utility services, and additions to the existing stormwater management system.

What is the function of the construction activity? Industrial/Warehousing

Size of Property:	28.94+/- Acres
Total Area of Construction Disturbances:	1.5+/- Acres
Maximum Area to be Disturbed at one time:	1.5+/- Acres

Type of Construction Site: Residential

Will there be demolition of any structure built or renovated before January 1, 1980? No

If yes, do any of the structures being demolished have at least 10,000 square feet of floor space? N/A

Was the pre-development land use used for agriculture (see Appendix A for definition of "agricultural land")? No

Have earth-disturbing activities commenced on your project/site? No



Sequence and Estimated Dates of Construction Activities

Estimated Project Start Date:	Fall 2023
Estimated Project Completion Date:	Fall 2024

- Erosion control and construction entrances.
- Ground Improvements
- Rough grading
- Foundation and building construction
- Installation of drain, water and sewer utilities
- Install access drives, site hardscape and landscape finishes
- Complete final site stabilization and remove erosion control

Allowable Non-Stormwater Discharges

Allowable Non-Stormwater Discharges likely to be present:

Discharges from emergency fire-fighting activities, fire hydrant flushings, landscape irrigation, waters used to wash vehicles and equipment, water used to control dust, potable water including uncontaminated water line flushings, uncontaminated air conditioning or compressor condensate, pavement wash waters, foundation or footing drains, construction dewatering water.

Site Maps

Site maps are included in the appendix.

Documentation of Compliance with Other Federal Requirements

Endangered Species Protection Eligibility Criterion:

Criterion C: <u>Discharges not likely to adversely affect ESA-listed species and/or designated critical habitat</u>. ESA-listed species and/or designated critical habitat(s) under the jurisdiction of the USFWS and/or NMFS are likely to occur in or near your site's "action area," and you certify to EPA that your site's discharges and discharge-related activities are not likely to adversely affect ESA-listed threatened or endangered species and/or designated critical habitat. This certification may include consideration of any stormwater controls and/or management practices you will adopt to ensure that your discharges and discharge-related activities are not likely to adversely affect ESA-listed species and/or designated critical habitat. To certify your eligibility under this criterion, indicate 1) the ESA-listed species and/or designated habitat located in your "action area" using the process outlined in Appendix D of this permit; 2) the distance between the site and the listed species and/or designated critical habitat in the action area (in miles); and 3) a rationale describing specifically how adverse effects to ESA-listed species will be avoided from the discharges and discharge-related activities. You must also include a copy of your site map from your SWPPP showing the upland and in-water extent of your "action area" with this NOI.

Basis statement content/Supporting documentation: A basis statement supporting the selection of Criterion C should identify the information resources and expertise (e.g., state or federal biologists) used to arrive at this conclusion. Any supporting documentation should



explicitly state that both ESA-listed species and designated critical habitat under the jurisdiction of the USFWS and/or NMFS were considered in the evaluation.

- <u>Resources used to make determination:</u> Fish and Wildlife Services on-line mapping tool IPaC (<u>http://ecps.fws.gov/ipac/</u>) and IPaC Determination Keys. NOAA ESA Section 7 Mapper (<u>https://www.fisheries.noaa.gov/resource/map/greater-atlantic-region-esa-section-7-mapper</u>).
- ESA-listed Species/Critical Habitat in action area:

• Northern Long-eared Bat Myotis septentrionalis

• <u>Distance between site and ESA-listed Species/Critical Habitat:</u> Critical habitats have not been established by U.S. Fish and Wildlife for the Northern Long-eared Bat or Roseate Tern.

Per the NHESP Northern Long-eared Bat Locations Map (<u>https://mass-</u> <u>eoeea.maps.arcgis.com/apps/Viewer/index.html?appid=de59364ebbb348a9b0de55f6feb</u> <u>dfd52</u>) the closest known habitat of the Northern Long-eared Bat is 13 miles from the project site, in Reading, MA.

<u>How adverse effects will be avoided:</u> There are no known Critical Habitats of the Northern Long-eared Bat within the project area under the U.S. Fish and Wildlife's jurisdiction, therefore the species should not be affected due to construction. The Northern Long-eared Bat roosts in trees, caves, under bridges or in buildings. The project site is predominantly cleared area with minimal trees or an existing roadway. Very few trees will be removed during construction. No caves or bridges are located on site. Per the NHESP Northern Long-eared Bat Locations Map (https://masseoeea.maps.arcgis.com/apps/Viewer/index.html?appid=de59364ebbb348a9 b0de55f6febdfd52) the closest known habitat of the Northern Long-eared Bat is 13 miles from the project site. Therefore, the Northern Long-eared Bat will not be affected due to construction. In addition, IPaC Determination Keys were used to determine that the proposed project "may affect, but not likely to adversely affect" on the Northern Long-eared Bat.

Historic Preservation

<u>Appendix E, Step 1, The following stormwater controls will be installed:</u> New catch basins, drain manholes and a network of pipes will connect to an existing infiltration basin.

Appendix E, Step 2, Have prior surveys or evaluations conducted on the site already determined that historic properties do not exist or that prior disturbances at the site have precluded the existence of historic properties?

Yes (via <u>http://mhc-macris.net/</u>)

Safe Drinking Water Act Underground Injection Control Requirements

New catch basins, drain manholes and a network of pipes will connect to an existing infiltration basin which has been designed to capture and infiltrate stormwater flow.



Erosion and Sediment Controls

Best management practices (BMP) for erosion and sedimentation control are staked silt fence/straw wattles, and catch basin inlet protection. Construction BMPs <u>must</u> be maintained. In developing the proposed project certain measures will be implemented to minimize impacts both erosion and sedimentation could have on the surrounding resource areas. This section addresses items that involve proper construction techniques, close surveillance of workmanship and immediate response to emergency situations. The developer must be prepared to provide whatever reasonable measures are necessary to protect the environment during construction and to stabilize all disturbed areas as soon as construction ends.

Identification of Potential Stormwater Contaminants

The purpose of this section is to identify pollutants that could impact storm water during construction of the project.

Significant Material Inventory

Pollutants that result from clearing, grading, excavation, and building materials and have the potential to be present in storm water runoff are listed below. This list includes information regarding material type, chemical and physical description, and the specific regulated storm water pollutants associated with each material.

Potential Areas (Sources) for Storm Water Contamination

The following potential source areas of storm water contamination were identified and evaluated:

- Cleared and graded areas;
- Paved areas and building construction;
- Construction site entrance and asphalt parking area construction;
- All undisturbed areas;
- Deicing materials and snow melts;
- Lawn and garden activities;
- Turf management;
- Pet waste.

Potential Construction Site Storm Water Pollutant Sources

Pesticides (insecticides,	Various colored to colorless	Chlorinated hydrocarbons,
fungicides,	liquid,	organophosphates, carbamates, arsenic
herbicides, rodenticides)	powder, pellets, or grains	
Fertilizer	Liquid or solid grains	Nitrogen, phosphorous
Plaster	White granules or powder	Calcium sulphate, calcium
		carbonate, sulfuric acid
Cleaning solvents	Colorless, blue, or yellow-	Perchloroethylene, methylene chloride,
	green	trichloroethylene,
	liquid	petroleum distillates
Asphalt	Black solid	Oil, petroleum distillates



Concrete	White solid	Limestone, sand
Glue, adhesives	White or yellow liquid	Polymers, epoxies
Paints	Various colored liquid	Metal oxides, stoddard solvent, talc, calcium
		carbonate, arsenic
Curing compounds	Creamy white liquid	Naphtha
Wastewater from	Water	Soil, oil & grease, solids
construction equipment		
washing		
Wood preservatives	Clear amber or dark brown	Stoddard solvent, petroleum distillates,
	liquid	arsenic, copper, chromium
Hydraulic oil/fluids	Brown oily petroleum	Mineral oil
	hydrocarbon	
Gasoline	Colorless, pale brown or	petroleum hydrocarbon
	pink	Benzene, ethyl benzene, toluene, xylene,
		MTBE
Diesel Fuel	Clear, blue-green to yellow	Petroleum distillate, oil & grease, naphthalene,
	liquid	xylenes
Antifreeze/coolant	Clear green/yellow liquid	Ethylene glycol, propylene glycol, heavy
		metals (copper, lead, zinc)
Erosion	Solid Particles	Soil, Sediment

Locations of Potential Sources of Storm Water Contamination

Duainaga Anaa	Contomination	Dotontial	Detential Drohlam
Dialitage Alea		Fotential	Potential Problem
	Point	Pollutants	
Cleared and	Throughout site	Soil erosion	Erosion of soils from cleared
graded areas	C C		and graded areas have the
			potential to discharge into
			Wetland areas and Vernal
			Pools
Paved areas and	Throughout site	Plaster, cleaning	Accidental spills of paints and
building		solvents, asphalt,	cleaning solvents, leaking
construction		concrete, paints,	hydraulic oil and antifreeze
		hydraulic oil,	from construction equipment,
		gasoline,	gasoline and
		antifreeze, soil	diesel fuel spills while fueling
		erosion, fertilizer,	construction
		pesticides, glue	equipment, erosion of exposed
		adhesives, curing	and stockpiled
		compounds,	soils, and degradation of scrap
		wood	dry wall can
		preservatives,	potentially contaminate storm
		kerosene	water. Asphalt
			chemicals can be released to
			storm water if a rain event



			occurs before curing is
			complete.
Construction	At project entry	Asphalt,	Leaking hydraulic oil and
site entrance	point	hydraulic oil,	antifreeze from clearing,
		gasoline,	grading and asphalt application
		antifreeze, soil	construction equipment.
		erosion	Gasoline and diesel fuel spills
			while fueling construction
			equipment, and erosion of
			exposed and stockpiled soils.
			Asphalt chemicals can be
			released to storm water if a
			rain event occurs before curing
			is complete. Tracking of soil
			into the road through the
			construction site entrance.



Stormwater Management Controls

The purpose of this section is to identify the types of temporary and permanent erosion and sediment controls that will be used during construction activities. The controls will provide soil stabilization for disturbed areas and structural controls to divert runoff and remove sediment. This section will also address source control of other potential storm water pollutant sources such as construction materials (paints, concrete dust, solvents, plaster), waste disposal, control of vehicle traffic, and sanitary waste disposal.

Temporary and Permanent Erosion Control Practices

To prevent soil from washing into the undisturbed areas of the site, the following BMPs will be implemented:

- Erosion Control (straw wattles and/or silt fence) will be placed as shown on the plans before any clearing or grading takes place.
- Straw wattles and/or silt fence will be utilized for top of slope erosion control protection as needed onsite.
- After seeding, each area will be mulched with 4,000 pounds per acre of straw.
- Topsoil stockpiles and open slopes will be stabilized with temporary seed and mulch no later than fourteen days from the last construction activities in that area. The temporary seed shall be Rye (grain) applied at the rate of 120 pounds per acre. All stockpile areas will be located a minimum of 100 feet from wetland areas.
- Areas of the site, which are to be paved, will be temporarily stabilized if needed by applying stone sub-base until asphalt is applied.
- If needed, temporary sediment basins shall be constructed as dictated by site construction in low areas and around the perimeter of the site in areas where surface runoff naturally forms channels. See erosion control plan for additional information. No temporary sediment basin shall be located where future construction of an infiltration system is proposed.
- Areas used for temporary sedimentation control shall be fully excavated and the excavated material replaced with natural materials at the end of their use.
- Truck traffic should be routed around temporary sediment basins and areas where infiltration systems are proposed

Construction Practices to Minimize Storm Water Contamination

- All waste materials will be collected and stored in a securely lidded metal dumpster. Dumpster will be located a minimum of 100 feet from any wetland resource area.
- Excess soil, rock and debris excavated or generated during the course of this project shall be removed from the site and disposed of in a legal manner. Records as to the destination of all materials, including excess fill and loam, to be removed from the site shall be kept on file and shall be provided to the MassDEP and the Revere Conservation Commission upon request.
- No fill, beyond that permitted by the Superseding Order of Conditions, may be placed or stockpiled, on the project site, within the Land Subject to Coastal Storm Flowage.
- Storing, servicing or cleaning of equipment, including but not limited to fueling, changing, adding or applying lubricants or hydraulic fluids, or washing/rinsing of trucks or equipment, shall be performed outside of the 100-foot buffer zone.
- There shall be no discharge or spillage of fuel, oil or other pollutants, including sediments, onto any part of the site. The contractor shall take all reasonable precautions to prevent the release of pollutants by ignorance, accident or vandalism.



- All trash and construction debris from the site will be deposited in the dumpster. The dumpster will be emptied a minimum of twice per week. No construction materials will be buried on-site.
- All personnel will be instructed regarding the correct procedure for waste disposal.
- All sanitary waste will be collected from the portable units a minimum of three times per week.
- Good housekeeping and spill control practices will be followed during construction to minimize storm water contamination from petroleum products, paints, and concrete.
- All vehicles on site will be monitored for leaks and receive regular preventive maintenance to reduce the chance of leakage.
- Petroleum products will be stored in tightly sealed containers, which, are clearly labeled.
- Spill kits will be included with all fueling sources and maintenance activities.
- Any asphalt substances used onsite will be applied according to the manufacturer's recommendation.
- All paint containers and curing compounds will be tightly sealed and stored when not required for use. Excess paint will not be discharged to the storm sewers, but will be properly disposed according to the manufacturer's instructions.
- Materials and equipment necessary for spill cleanup will be kept in the temporary material storage trailer onsite. Equipment will include, but not be limited to, brooms, dust pans, mops, rags, gloves, goggles, cat litter, sand, saw dust, and plastic and metal trash containers.
- All spills will be cleaned up immediately upon discovery. Spills large enough to reach the storm sewers will be reported to the Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection Office.
- A stabilized construction entrance will be constructed to reduce vehicle tracking of sediments as depicted on the plans and details, as required.
- Dump trucks hauling material from the construction site will be covered with a tarpaulin.
- A designated temporary, above-grade concrete washout area will be constructed. The temporary concrete washout area will be constructed with a recommended minimum length and minimum width of 10-feet, but with sufficient quantity and volume to contain all liquid and concrete waste generated by washout operations. The washout area will be lined with a plastic sheeting at least 10 mils thick and free of any holes or tears. When the temporary washout area is no longer needed for the construction project, the hardened concrete and materials used to construct the area will be removed and disposed of according to the maintenance section below, and the area will be stabilized.
- All major equipment/vehicle fueling and maintenance will be performed off-site. When vehicle fueling must occur on-site, the fueling activity will occur in the staging area. Only minor equipment maintenance will occur on-site. All equipment fluids generated from maintenance activities will be disposed of into designated drums stored on spill pallets. Absorbent, spill-cleanup materials and spill kits will be available at the combined staging and materials storage area. Drip pans will be placed under all equipment receiving minor maintenance.
- For storage, handling, and disposal of pesticides, herbicides, insecticides, fertilizers, and landscape materials:
 - In storage areas, provide either
 - cover (e.g., plastic sheeting, temporary roofs) to minimize the exposure of these chemicals to precipitation and to stormwater, or
 - a similarly effective means designed to minimize the discharge of pollutants from these areas



- Comply with all application and disposal requirements included on the registered pesticide, herbicide, insecticide, and fertilizer label
- For the application of fertilizers:
 - Apply at a rate and in amounts consistent with manufacturer's specifications, or document in the SWPPP departures from the manufacturer specifications where appropriate
 - Apply at the appropriate time of year for your location, and preferably timed to coincide as closely as possible to the period of maximum vegetation uptake and growth;
 - Avoid applying before heavy rains that could cause excess nutrients to be discharged;
 - Never apply to frozen ground;
 - Never apply to stormwater conveyance channels; and
 - Follow all other federal, state, tribal, and local requirements regarding fertilizer application.
- Pet waste will be disposed of in marked barrels located around the project site. These barrels will be emptied periodically, and the site will be inspected/cleaned for pet waste daily by maintenance personnel.
- Stockpiles kept on-site shall be stabilized and shall be surrounded by sedimentation barriers at all times.
- An "L" or "J" trench shall be used when installing the silt fence barrier.

Maintenance/Inspection Procedures

Visual inspections of all cleared and graded areas of the construction site will be performed daily and within 12 hours of the end of a storm with rainfall amounts greater than 0.5 inches based on local weather forecasts or a rain gauge installed at the construction trailer onsite. The SWPPP coordinator or his designated storm water team members shall conduct the inspection. The inspection will verify that the structural BMPs described above are in good condition and are minimizing erosion. The inspection will also verify that the procedures used to prevent storm water contamination from construction materials and petroleum products are effective. The following inspection and maintenance practices will be used to maintain erosion and sediment controls:

- Built up sediment will be removed from silt fencing when it has reached 1/4 to 1/2 the height of the fence.
- Built up sediment will be removed from temporary sedimentation controls before their capacity is reduced by 50%.
- Silt fences will be inspected weekly for depth of sediment, for tears, to see if the fabric is securely attached to the fence posts, and to see that the fence posts are firmly in the ground.
- Temporary and permanent seeding will be inspected for bare spots, washouts, and healthy growth.
- The stabilized construction entrance will be inspected daily for sediment tracked on the road, for clean gravel, and to make sure that all traffic use the stabilized entrance when leaving the site. Sediment deposited onto the surface of off-site streets, other paved areas, and sidewalks will be removed by the end of the same work day in which the track-out occurs or by the end of the next work day if track-out occurs on a non-work day. Track-out will be removed by sweeping, shoveling, or vacuuming these surfaces, or by using other similarly effective means of sediment removal. Sweeping of tracked-out sediment into any stormwater conveyance (unless it is connected to a sediment basin, sediment trap, or similarly effective control), storm drain inlet, or



surface water will be prohibited. Stone will be added to the entrance as needed to ensure proper function. The entrance will also be cleaned as required.

• A water truck will be used to spray surfaces to minimize dust. Spraying will occur as required to maintain a moist condition at open soils. Calcium chloride may also be spread over surfaces as needed to control dust.



Inspection and Corrective Action

<u>Personnel Responsible for Delegation of Inspections and Corrective Actions</u> To be determined

The maintenance inspection report will be made after each inspection. Completed forms will be maintained on-site during the entire construction project. Following construction, the completed forms will be retained at the Contractor's office for a minimum of 1 year. If construction activities or design modifications are made to the site plan, which could impact storm water, this SWPPP will be amended appropriately. The amended SWPPP will have a description of the new activities that contribute to the increased pollutant loading and the planned source control activities.

Employee Training

An employee-training program will be developed and implemented to educate employees about the requirements of the SWPPP. This education program will include background on the components and goals of the SWPPP and hands-on training in erosion controls, spill prevention and response, good housekeeping, proper material handling, disposal and control of waste, equipment fueling, and proper storage, washing, and inspection procedures. All employees will be trained prior to their first day on the site.



INSPECTION FORM

Stormwater management system owner:

Gateway II Trust of 1997 239 Western Avenue Essex, MA 01929

The party or parties responsible for operation and maintenance during construction:

To be determined

Required Inspections:

- Straw wattles and silt fence will be inspected weekly for depth of sediment, for tears, to see if the fabric is securely attached to the fence posts, and to see that the fence posts are firmly in the ground. Built up sediment will be removed from silt fencing when it has reached one-third the height of the fence.
- Sediment will be removed from catch basin silt sacks as required to ensure proper drainage.
- Temporary and permanent seeding will be inspected weekly for bare spots, washouts, and healthy growth.
- The stabilized construction entrance will be inspected for sediment tracked on the road, for clean gravel, and to make sure that all traffic use the stabilized entrance when leaving the site.



Required Inspections:

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- Sediment will be removed from catch basin silt sacks as required to ensure proper drainage.
- Temporary and permanent seeding will be inspected weekly for bare spots, washouts, and healthy growth.
- The stabilized construction entrance will be inspected for sediment tracked on the road, for clean gravel, and to make sure that all traffic use the stabilized entrance when leaving the site.

Date	Inspector	Problem Observed	Action taken	Notes



Certification and Notification

I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gathered and evaluated the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations.

Name: Charles Wear III, PE	Title:	Projec	roject Civil Engineer	
Signature: Curture		Date:	7/25/2023	



Appendices

- Site Maps
- Corrective Action Form
- SWPPP Amendment Log
- Subcontractor Certifications/Agreements
- U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Natural Resources of Concern
- Massachusetts Historical Commission MACRIS Report
- Grading and Stabilization Activities Log
- Training Log
- Delegation of Authority



Site Maps



DEED BOOK 36517. PAGE 33	7
DEED BOOK 23209. PAGE 23	3
DEED BOOK 15768, PAGE 55	2
PLAN BOOK 313, PAGE 49	
PLAN BOOK 348, PLAN 86	
PLAN BOOK 391, PLAN 91	
PLAN BOOK 474, PLAN 11	
PLAN BOOK 345, PLAN 73	

1) THE VERTICAL DATUM FOR THIS SURVEY IS THE NORTH AMERICAN VERTICAL DATUM OF 1988 (NAVD88). THE HORIZONTAL DATUM FOR THIS SURVEY IS THE MASSACHUSETTS COORDINATE SYSTEM, (NAD 1983). SAID DATUMS WERE ESTABLISHED VIA GPS OBSERVATIONS UTILIZING NAD83 (NA2011) EPOCH 2010.00 (MYCS2)

2) UNDERGROUND UTILITIES ARE SHOWN HEREON FROM FIELD LÓCATIONS OF SURFACE VISIBLE STRUCTURES AND FROM AVAILABLE RECORD INFORMATION ON FILE AT THE TOWN OF ROWLEY, AND PRIVATE UTILITY COMPANIES. OTHER UNDERGROUND UTILITIES MAY EXIST. IT SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR TO VERIFY THE LOCATION, SIZE & ELEVATION OF ALL UTILITIES WITHIN THE AREA OF PROPOSED WORK AND TO CONTACT "DIG-SAFE" AT 811 AT LEAST 72 HOURS PRIOR TO ANY EXCAVATION, DEMOLITION OR

4) TOPOGRAPHY SHOWN HEREON FROM INFORMATION OBTAINED BY PHOTOGRAMMETRIC METHODS BY BLUESKY-WORLD FROM PHOTOS TAKEN ON FEBRUARY 20, 2023 AND SUPPLEMENTED WITH FIELD

5) PROPOSED CUL-DE-SAC & ELIMINATION OF EXISTING LOT LINES TÓ BE ADDRESSED WITH A DEFINITE SUBDIVISION MODIFICATION TO BE

SPOT GRADE	
IRRIGATION HOLE	

SCALE:	1"	=	20'

	SHF
80	

PERMIT SITE PLAN

Forest Ridge Dr. Rowley, MA 01969

ASSESSORS:

PARCEL IDs 7-10-5-1 7-10-5-8

PREPARED FOR:

GATEWAY II REALTY TRUST OF 1997

> 239 Western Ave. Essex, MA 01929

Civil Engineers

Land Surveyors

Wetland Scientists

185 CENTRE STREET, DANVERS, MA 01923 VOICE (978) 777-3050, FAX (978) 774-7816 WWW.HANCOCKASSOCIATES.COM

	1				
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
NO.	BY	APP	DATE	ISSUE/REVISION DESCRIP	TION
			04/27/	23 DESIGN BY:	CEW
DAT	<u>E:</u>		4"		

EXISTING CONDITIONS PLAN IN ROWLEY, MA

PLOT DATE: May 18, 2023 8:52 am PATH: F:\Civil 3D Projects\26696-Gateway-Rowley\Surv\DWG\

Copy of NOI and Authorization Email (To be added upon receipt)

Corrective Action Form

Inspection Date	Inspector Name(s)	Description of BMP Deficiency	Corrective Action Needed (including planned date/responsible person)	Date Action Taken/Responsible person

SWPPP Amendment Log

No.	Description of the Amendment	Date of Amendment	Amendment Prepared by [Name(s) and Title]

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service – Natural Resources of Concern

United States Department of the Interior

FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE New England Ecological Services Field Office 70 Commercial Street, Suite 300 Concord, NH 03301-5094 Phone: (603) 223-2541 Fax: (603) 223-0104

In Reply Refer To: Project Code: 2023-0108703 Project Name: Forest Ridge Drive - Upper Lot July 25, 2023

Subject: List of threatened and endangered species that may occur in your proposed project location or may be affected by your proposed project

To Whom It May Concern:

Updated 4/12/2023 - *Please review this letter each time you request an Official Species List, we will continue to update it with additional information and links to websites may change.*

About Official Species Lists

The purpose of the Act is to provide a means whereby threatened and endangered species and the ecosystems upon which they depend may be conserved. Federal and non-Federal project proponents have responsibilities under the Act to consider effects on listed species.

The enclosed species list identifies threatened, endangered, proposed, and candidate species, as well as proposed and final designated critical habitat, that may occur within the boundary of your proposed project and/or may be affected by your proposed project. The species list fulfills the requirements of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service) under section 7(c) of the Endangered Species Act (Act) of 1973, as amended (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.).

New information based on updated surveys, changes in the abundance and distribution of species, changed habitat conditions, or other factors could change this list. Please note that under 50 CFR 402.12(e) of the regulations implementing section 7 of the Act, the accuracy of this species list should be verified after 90 days. The Service recommends that verification be completed by visiting the ECOS-IPaC website at regular intervals during project planning and implementation for updates to species lists and information. An updated list may be requested by returning to an existing project's page in IPaC.

Endangered Species Act Project Review

Please visit the **"New England Field Office Endangered Species Project Review and Consultation**" website for step-by-step instructions on how to consider effects on listed

species and prepare and submit a project review package if necessary:

https://www.fws.gov/office/new-england-ecological-services/endangered-species-project-review

NOTE Please <u>do not</u> use the **Consultation Package Builder** tool in IPaC except in specific situations following coordination with our office. Please follow the project review guidance on our website instead and reference your **Project Code** in all correspondence.

Northern Long-eared Bat - (Updated 4/12/2023) The Service published a final rule to reclassify the northern long-eared bat (NLEB) as endangered on November 30, 2022. The final rule went into effect on March 31, 2023. You may utilize the **Northern Long-eared Bat Rangewide Determination Key** available in IPaC. More information about this Determination Key and the Interim Consultation Framework are available on the northern long-eared bat species page:

https://www.fws.gov/species/northern-long-eared-bat-myotis-septentrionalis

For projects that previously utilized the 4(d) Determination Key, the change in the species' status may trigger the need to re-initiate consultation for any actions that are not completed and for which the Federal action agency retains discretion once the new listing determination becomes effective. If your project was not completed by March 31, 2023, and may result in incidental take of NLEB, please reach out to our office at <u>newengland@fws.gov</u> to see if reinitiation is necessary.

Additional Info About Section 7 of the Act

Under section 7(a)(2) of the Act and its implementing regulations (50 CFR 402 et seq.), Federal agencies are required to determine whether projects may affect threatened and endangered species and/or designated critical habitat. If a Federal agency, or its non-Federal representative, determines that listed species and/or designated critical habitat may be affected by the proposed project, the agency is required to consult with the Service pursuant to 50 CFR 402. In addition, the Federal agency also may need to consider proposed species and proposed critical habitat in the consultation. 50 CFR 402.14(c)(1) specifies the information required for consultation under the Act regardless of the format of the evaluation. More information on the regulations and procedures for section 7 consultation, including the role of permit or license applicants, can be found in the "Endangered Species Consultation Handbook" at:

https://www.fws.gov/service/section-7-consultations

In addition to consultation requirements under Section 7(a)(2) of the ESA, please note that under sections 7(a)(1) of the Act and its implementing regulations (50 CFR 402 et seq.), Federal agencies are required to utilize their authorities to carry out programs for the conservation of threatened and endangered species. Please contact NEFO if you would like more information.

Candidate species that appear on the enclosed species list have no current protections under the ESA. The species' occurrence on an official species list does not convey a requirement to

consider impacts to this species as you would a proposed, threatened, or endangered species. The ESA does not provide for interagency consultations on candidate species under section 7, however, the Service recommends that all project proponents incorporate measures into projects to benefit candidate species and their habitats wherever possible.

Migratory Birds

In addition to responsibilities to protect threatened and endangered species under the Endangered Species Act (ESA), there are additional responsibilities under the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA) and the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act (BGEPA) to protect native birds from project-related impacts. Any activity, intentional or unintentional, resulting in take of migratory birds, including eagles, is prohibited unless otherwise permitted by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (50 C.F.R. Sec. 10.12 and 16 U.S.C. Sec. 668(a)). For more information regarding these Acts see:

https://www.fws.gov/program/migratory-bird-permit

https://www.fws.gov/library/collections/bald-and-golden-eagle-management

Please feel free to contact us at **newengland@fws.gov** with your **Project Code** in the subject line if you need more information or assistance regarding the potential impacts to federally proposed, listed, and candidate species and federally designated and proposed critical habitat.

Attachment(s): Official Species List

Attachment(s):

Official Species List

OFFICIAL SPECIES LIST

This list is provided pursuant to Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act, and fulfills the requirement for Federal agencies to "request of the Secretary of the Interior information whether any species which is listed or proposed to be listed may be present in the area of a proposed action".

This species list is provided by:

New England Ecological Services Field Office 70 Commercial Street, Suite 300

Concord, NH 03301-5094 (603) 223-2541

PROJECT SUMMARY

Project Code:2023-0108703Project Name:Forest Ridge Drive - Upper LotProject Type:Mixed-Use ConstructionProject Description:Shortening Roadway. Building a warehouse/industrial buildingProject Location:Vertice Construction

The approximate location of the project can be viewed in Google Maps: <u>https://www.google.com/maps/@42.69886185,-70.91695943103956,14z</u>

Counties: Essex County, Massachusetts

ENDANGERED SPECIES ACT SPECIES

There is a total of 2 threatened, endangered, or candidate species on this species list.

Species on this list should be considered in an effects analysis for your project and could include species that exist in another geographic area. For example, certain fish may appear on the species list because a project could affect downstream species.

IPaC does not display listed species or critical habitats under the sole jurisdiction of NOAA Fisheries¹, as USFWS does not have the authority to speak on behalf of NOAA and the Department of Commerce.

See the "Critical habitats" section below for those critical habitats that lie wholly or partially within your project area under this office's jurisdiction. Please contact the designated FWS office if you have questions.

1. <u>NOAA Fisheries</u>, also known as the National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), is an office of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration within the Department of Commerce.

MAMMALS

NAME	STATUS
Northern Long-eared Bat Myotis septentrionalis	Endangered
No critical habitat has been designated for this species.	
Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/9045</u>	
INSECTS	
NAME	STATUS
Monarch Butterfly <i>Danaus plexippus</i>	Candidate
No critical habitat has been designated for this species.	
Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/9743</u>	

CRITICAL HABITATS

THERE ARE NO CRITICAL HABITATS WITHIN YOUR PROJECT AREA UNDER THIS OFFICE'S JURISDICTION.

YOU ARE STILL REQUIRED TO DETERMINE IF YOUR PROJECT(S) MAY HAVE EFFECTS ON ALL ABOVE LISTED SPECIES.

IPAC USER CONTACT INFORMATION

Agency:Private EntityName:James PolakiewiczAddress:185 Centre StreetCity:DanversState:MAZip:01923Emailin alakies cinc Ohane

Email jpolakiewicz@hancockassociates.com

Phone: 9787773050

Area of Interest (AOI) Information

Area : 2,300.91 acres

Jul 25 2023 13:39:35 Eastern Daylight Time

	0	0.03		0.06				0.11 mi
	\vdash	-	+	-	4	4	-	<u> </u>
	0	0.04		0.09				0.18 km
Esri Commu Esri, HERE,	nity Ma Garmin	ps Contribut SafeGraph	tors, Ge	MassGIS Technol	ogies,	Inc. Mi	eetMaj ETI/N/	a, Microsoft, NSA, USGS,

about:blank

Summary

Name	Count	Area(acres)	Length(mi)
Atlantic Sturgeon	0	0	N/A
Shortnose Sturgeon	0	0	N/A
Atlantic Salmon	0	0	N/A
Sea Turtles	0	0	N/A
Atlantic Large Whales	0	0	N/A
In or Near Critical Habitat	0	0	N/A

Massachusetts Historical Commission – MACRIS Report

Subcontractor Certifications/Agreements

SUBCONTRACTOR CERTIFICATION STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (sample form)

Project Numb	er:		
Project Title:			
Operator(s):			

As a subcontractor, you are required to comply with the Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) for any work that you perform on-site. Any person or group who violates any condition of the SWPPP may be subject to substantial penalties or loss of contract. You are encouraged to advise each of your employees working on this project of the requirements of the SWPPP. A copy of the SWPPP is available for your review at the office trailer.

Each subcontractor engaged in activities at the construction site that could impact stormwater must be identified and sign the following certification statement:

I certify under the penalty of law that I have read and understand the terms and conditions of the SWPPP for the above designated project and agree to follow the practices described in the SWPPP.

This certification is hereby signed in reference to the above named project:

~

company:
Address:
elephone Number:
ype of construction service to be provided:
ignature:
itle:
Date:

Grading and Stabilization Activities Log

Date Grading Activity Initiated	Description of Grading Activity	Description of Stabilization Measure and Location	Date Grading Activity Ceased (Indicate Temporary or Permanent)	Date When Stabilization Measures Initiated

Training Log

	Storr	nwate	er Pollution Prevention Sample Form	n Training Log
Pro	ect Name:			
Pro	ect Location:			
Inst	ructor's Name(s):			
Inst	ructor's Title(s):			
Cou	rse Location:			Date:
Cou	rse Length (hours):			-
Storr	nwater Training Topic: (cheo	ck as a	appropriate)	
	Sediment and Erosion Controls		Emergency Proced	ures
	Stabilization Controls		Inspections/Correct	tive Actions
	Pollution Prevention Measures			
Spec	cific Training Objective:			

Attendee Roster: (attach additional pages as necessary)

No.	Name of Attendee	Company
1		
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		
7		
8		

Delegation of Authority

Delegation of Authority Sample Form

I, ______ (name), hereby designate the person or specifically described position below to be a duly authorized representative for the purpose of overseeing compliance with environmental requirements, including the Construction General Permit, at the ______ construction site. The designee is authorized to sign any

reports, stormwater pollution prevention plans and all other documents required by the permit.

 (name of person or position)
 (company)
 (address)
 (city, state, zip)
 (phone)

By signing this authorization, I confirm that I meet the requirements to make such a designation as set forth in Appendix I of EPA's Construction General Permit (CGP), and that the designee above meets the definition of a "duly authorized representative" as set forth in Appendix I.

I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gathered and evaluated the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations.

Name:		
Company:		
Title:		
Signature:		
Date:		